

## 磷酸化核因子 KB抑制蛋白 a 抗体

产品货号: mIR18129

英文名称: phospho-IKB alpha (Ser36)

中文名称: 磷酸化核因子 KB 抑制蛋白 α 抗体

别 名: IKB alpha (phospho S36); p-IKB alpha (phospho S36); I kappa B alpha; I-kappa-B-alpha; IkappaBalpha; IkB-alpha; IKBA\_HUMAN; IKBalpha; MAD 3; MAD3; Major histocompatibility complex enhancer-binding protein MAD3; NF kappa B inhibitor alpha; NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha; NFKBI; NFKBIA; Nuclear factor of kappa light chain gene enhancer in B cells; Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B cells inhibitor alpha.

产品类型: 磷酸化抗体

研究领域: 肿瘤 细胞生物 神经生物学 信号转导 细胞凋亡 激酶和磷酸酶

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Rabbit, Sheep,

产品应用 : WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500

(石蜡切片需做抗原修复)

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 35kDa

细胞定位: 细胞核 细胞浆

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

mbio 编载数

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IKB alpha around the

phosphorylation site of Ser36:LD(p-S)MK

亚 型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable

at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted

in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍: This gene encodes a member of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor family, which contain multiple ankrin

repeat domains. The encoded protein interacts with REL dimers to inhibit NF-kappa-B/REL complexes which are

involved in inflammatory responses. The encoded protein moves between the cytoplasm and the nucleus via a

nuclear localization signal and CRM1-mediated nuclear export. Mutations in this gene have been found in

ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal dominant disease. [provided by RefSeq,

Aug 2011]

**Function:** 

Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL dimers in the cytoplasm through

masking of their nuclear localization signals. On cellular stimulation by immune and proinflammatory responses,

becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to

the nucleus and activate transcription.

**Subcellular Location:** 

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm by a nuclear localization signal (NLS) and a



CRM1-dependent nuclear export.

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylated; disables inhibition of NF-kappa-B DNA-binding activity. Phosphorylation at positions 32 and 36 is prerequisite to recognition by UBE2D3 leading to polyubiquitination and subsequent degradation. Sumoylated;

sumoylation requires the presence of the nuclear import signal. Monoubiquitinated at Lys-21 and/or Lys-22 by

UBE2D3. Ubiquitin chain elongation is then performed by CDC34 in cooperation with the SCF(FBXW11) E3 ligase

complex, building ubiquitin chains from the UBE2D3-primed NFKBIA-linked ubiquitin. The resulting

polyubiquitination leads to protein degradation. Also ubiquitinated by SCF(BTRC) following stimulus-dependent

phosphorylation at Ser-32 and Ser-36.

Deubiquitinated by porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus Nsp2 protein, which thereby interferes

with NFKBIA degradation and impairs subsequent NF-kappa-B activation.

**DISEASE:** 

Defects in NFKBIA are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with T-cell immunodeficiency autosomal

dominant (ADEDAID) [MIM:612132]. Ectodermal dysplasia defines a heterogeneous group of disorders due to

abnormal development of two or more ectodermal structures. ADEDAID is an ectodermal dysplasia associated

with decreased production of pro-inflammatory cytokines and certain interferons, rendering patients susceptible

to infection.

Similarity:

Belongs to the NF-kappa-B inhibitor family.

Contains 5 ANK repeats.

SWISS:

P25963



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## Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

## 产品图片

