

Ephrin A2 抗体

产品货号： mlR9758

英文名称： Ephrin A2

中文名称： Ephrin A2 抗体

别名： Ephrin-A2; EFNA 2; EFNA2; EFNA2_HUMAN; ELF1; Eph related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 6; EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 6; Ephrin-A2; EphrinA2; EPLG6; HEK7 L; HEK7 ligand; HEK7-L; HEK7L; LERK 6; LERK-6; LERK6; Ligand of eph related kinase 6.

研究领域： 心血管 细胞生物 神经生物学 信号转导 激酶和磷酸酶

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 IF=1:50-200 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量：19kDa

细胞定位：细胞膜

性状：Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度：1mg/ml

免疫原：KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Ephrin A2/LERK6:111-213/213

亚型：IgG

纯化方法：affinity purified by Protein A

储存液：0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件：Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed：PubMed

产品介绍 background :

The Eph subfamily represents the largest group of receptor protein kinases identified to date. There is increasing evidence that Eph family members are involved in central nervous system function and in development. Ligands for Eph receptors include ephrin-A1 (LERK-1/B61), identified as a ligand for the EphA2 (Eck) receptor; ephrin-A2 (ELF-1), identified as a ligand for the EphA3 and EphA4 (Sek) receptors; ephrin-A3 (LERK-3), identified as a ligand for EphA5 (Ehk1) and EphA3 (Hek) receptors; ephrin-A4 (LERK-4), identified as a ligand for the EphA3 receptor; ephrin-A5 (AL-1), identified as a ligand for EphA5 (REK7); ephrin-B1 (LERK-2), identified as a ligand for the EphB1 (Elk) and EphB2 (Cek5) receptors; ephrin-B2 (LERK-5), identified as a ligand for the EphB1, EphB3 (Cek10) and EphB2 receptors; and ephrin-B3 (LERK-8), identified as a ligand for EphB1.

Function:

Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. With the EPHA2 receptor may play a role in bone remodeling through regulation of osteoclastogenesis and osteoblastogenesis (By similarity).

Subunit:

Binds to the receptor tyrosine kinases EPHA3, EPHA4 and EPHA5. Interacts with EPHA8; activates EPHA8.

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor (Potential).

Similarity:

Belongs to the ephrin family.

Contains 1 ephrin RBD (ephrin receptor-binding) domain.

SWISS:

O43921

Gene ID:

1943

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.