

胃肠肽 SPINK4 抗体

产品货号： mIR17671

英文名称： SPINK4

中文名称： 胃肠肽 SPINK4 抗体

别名： Gastrointestinal peptide; ISK4_HUMAN; PEC 60; PEC60; Peptide PEC-60 homolog; Serine peptidase inhibitor Kazal type 4; Serine protease inhibitor Kazal-type 4; SPINK4.

研究领域： 细胞生物 泛素

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量：6.7kDa

细胞定位：分泌型蛋白

性状：Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度：1mg/ml

免疫原：KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SPINK4:27-86/86

亚型：IgG

纯化方法：affinity purified by Protein A

储存液：0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件：Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed : PubMed

产品介绍 : SPINK4 is an 86 amino acid secreted protein containing one kazal-like domain, which has been suggested to play a role in central nervous system disorders associated with dopamine dysregulation. Expressed in the gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system, bone marrow and peripheral blood, SPINK4 is moderately expressed in spleen and is encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 9p13.3. Human chromosome 9 houses over 900 genes and comprises nearly 4% of the human genome. Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, which is characterized by harmful vascular defects, and Familial dysautonomia, are both associated with chromosome 9.

Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

Similarity:

Contains 1 Kazal-like domain.

SWISS:

O60575

Gene ID:

27290

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.