

C型凝集素 4 家族 E 抗体

产品货号: mlR8541

英文名称: CLEC 4E

中文名称: C型凝集素 4 家族 E 抗体

知 名: C type lectin domain family 4 member E; C type lectin superfamily member 9; C-type (calcium dependent carbohydrate recognition domain) lectin superfamily member 9; C-type lectin domain family 4 member E; C-type lectin superfamily member 9; CLC4E_HUMAN; CLEC 4E; CLEC4E Clec4e; CLEC5F9; Macrophage inducible C type lectin; Macrophage-inducible C-type lectin; MINCLE.

研究领域: 细胞生物 信号转导 细胞凋亡

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Cow, Horse,

产品应用: ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 Flow-Cyt=5μg/Test IF=1:50-200 (石蜡切片 需做抗原修复)



not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 25kDa

细胞定位: 细胞膜

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CLECSF9:51-150/219 <Extracellular>

亚 型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed: PubMed



产品介绍: C-type lectin that functions as cell-surface receptor for a wide variety of ligands such as damaged cells, fungi and mycobacteria. Plays a role in the recognition of pathogenic fungi, such as Candida albicans. The detection of mycobacteria is via trehalose 6,6'-dimycolate (TDM), a cell wall glycolipid. Specifically recognizes alpha-mannose residues on pathogenic fungi of the genus Malassezia. Recognizes also SAP130, a nuclear protein,

that is released by dead or dying cells. Transduces signals through an ITAM-containing adapter protein, Fc receptor gamma chain /FCER1G. Induces secretion of inflammatory cytokines through a pathway that depends

on SYK, CARD9 and NF-kappa-B.

Function:

C-type lectin that functions as cell-surface receptor for a wide variety of ligands such as damaged cells, fungi and mycobacteria. Plays a role in the recognition of pathogenic fungi, such as Candida albicans. The detection of mycobacteria is via trehalose 6,6'-dimycolate (TDM), a cell wall glycolipid. Specifically recognizes alpha-mannose residues on pathogenic fungi of the genus Malassezia. Recognizes also SAP130, a nuclear protein, that is released by dead or dying cells. Transduces signals through an ITAM-containing adapter protein, Fc receptor gamma chain /FCER1G. Induces secretion of inflammatory cytokines through a pathway that depends on SYK, CARD9 and NF-

kappa-B.

Subunit:

Monomer. Homodimer.

Subcellular Location:

Membrane.

Similarity:

Contains 1 C-type lectin domain.

SWISS:



Gene ID:

26253

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

