EYA4 蛋白抗体

产品货号： mIR21590

英文名称： EYA4

中文名称： EYA4 蛋白抗体

别　　名： CMD1J; Deafness, autosomal dominant 10; DFNA 10; DFNA10; dJ78N10.1 (eyes absent (Drosophila) homolog 4); dJ78N10.1 (eyes absent); EYA 4; eya4; EYA4_HUMAN; Eyes absent 4; Eyes absent homolog 4 (Drosophila); Eyes absent homolog 4; HGNC:3522; OTTHUMP00000040267.

研究领域： 心血管　发育生物学　转录调节因子　表观遗传学

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应　： Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Rabbit,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分 子 量： 70kDa

细胞定位： 细胞核 细胞浆

性　　状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓　　度： 1mg/ml

免 疫 原： KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human EYA4:131-230/639

亚　　型： IgG

纯化方法： affinity purified by Protein A

储 存 液： 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件： Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed： PubMed

产品介绍： A gene of chromosome 6q23 encodes the 640 amino acid protein, EYA4 (eyes absent) (1). EYA is one of four members of the eyes absent family (1). A 271 amino acid domain at the carboxyl terminal is highly conserved amongst the members of the eyes absent family (1). EYA4 is expressed in the craniofacial mesenchyme, the dermamyotome, and the limb (1). The conserved region in other EYA proteins interacts with SIX, DACH, and G-proteins, which regulate transcription in early embryonic development (1,2,3,4). SIX translocates EYA1-3 to the nucleus, and G-proteins can stop this interaction (3,4). Premature stop codon mutations in EYA4 cause postlingual, progressive autosomal dominant hearing loss in humans (2). This shows that EYA4 is also vital to the mature organ of Corti (2). EYA4 may cause oculo-dento-digital syndrome, based on its expression pattern and map postion (1).

Function:

Tyrosine phosphatase that specifically dephosphorylates 'Tyr-142' of histone H2AX (H2AXY142ph). 'Tyr-142' phosphorylation of histone H2AX plays a central role in DNA repair and acts as a mark that distinguishes between apoptotic and repair responses to genotoxic stress. Promotes efficient DNA repair by dephosphorylating H2AX, promoting the recruitment of DNA repair complexes containing MDC1. Its function as histone phosphatase probably explains its role in transcription regulation during organogenesis. May be involved in development of the eye.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity:

Highly expressed in heart and skeletal muscle.

DISEASE:

Defects in EYA4 are the cause of deafness autosomal dominant type 10 (DFNA10) [MIM:601316]. DFNA10 is a form of sensorineural hearing loss. Sensorineural deafness results from damage to the neural receptors of the inner ear, the nerve pathways to the brain, or the area of the brain that receives sound information.

Defects in EYA4 are the cause of cardiomyopathy dilated type 1J (CMD1J) [MIM:605362]. Dilated cardiomyopathy is a disorder characterized by ventricular dilation and impaired systolic function, resulting in congestive heart failure and arrhythmia. Patients are at risk of premature death.

Similarity:

Belongs to the HAD-like hydrolase superfamily. EYA family.

SWISS:

O95677

Gene ID:

2070

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

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Good elisakit producers