白细胞介素 17 受体 E 抗体

产品货号： mlR18414

英文名称： IL17RE

中文名称： 白细胞介素 17 受体 E 抗体

别　　名： FLJ23658; IL-17 receptor E; IL-17RE; interleukin 17 receptor E; Interleukin-17 receptor E; MGC71884; OTTHUMP00000158822; UNQ3056/PRO9877.

研究领域： 细胞生物　免疫学　细胞膜受体

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分 子 量： 72kDa

细胞定位： 细胞膜

性　　状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓　　度： 1mg/ml

免 疫 原： KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human IL17RE:201-300/667 <Extracellular>

亚　　型： IgG

纯化方法： affinity purified by Protein A

储 存 液： 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件： Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed： PubMed

产品介绍： This gene encodes a transmembrane protein that functions as the receptor for interleukin-17C. The encoded protein signals to downstream components of the mitogen activated protein kinase (MAPK) pathway. Activity of this protein is important in the immune response to bacterial pathogens. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

Function:

Receptor which can activate the MAPK signaling pathway and seems to function at, or upstream of Ras. Isoform 2 and isoform 4 may be either cytoplasmic inactive or dominant active forms. Isoform 3 and isoform 5 may act as soluble decoy receptors

Subcellular Location:

Membrane (isoform 1), Cytoplasm (isoforms 2 + 4), Secreted (isoforms 3 + 5)

SWISS:

Q8NFR9

Gene ID:

132014

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.