SPOCD1 蛋白抗体

产品货号： mlR17682

英文名称： SPOCD1

中文名称： SPOCD1 蛋白抗体

别　　名： FLJ25348; RP11-84A19.1; SPOC domain-containing protein 1; SPOC1_HUMAN; SPOCD1.

研究领域： 肿瘤　细胞生物　免疫学　神经生物学

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分 子 量： 130kDa

细胞定位： 细胞核 细胞浆

性　　状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓　　度： 1mg/ml

免 疫 原： KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SPOCD1:361-450/1216

亚　　型： IgG

纯化方法： affinity purified by Protein A

储 存 液： 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件： Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed： PubMed

产品介绍： SPOCD1 is a 1,216 amino acid protein that contains one SPOC domain and one TFIIS central domain. SPOCD1 exists as five alternatively spliced isoforms, with isoform 1 showing expression in lung. The gene that encodes SPOCD1 contains 25,630 bases and maps to human chromosome 1p35.2. Spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome, chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1 and aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

Similarity:

Contains 1 SPOC domain.

Contains 1 TFIIS central domain.

SWISS:

Q6ZMY3

Gene ID:

90853

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.