

## 抵抗素抗体

产品货号： mIR2214

英文名称： Resistin

中文名称： 抵抗素抗体

别名： Adipose tissue specific secretory factor; ADSF; C/EBP epsilon regulated myeloid specific secreted cysteine rich protein; C/EBP epsilon regulated myeloid specific secreted cysteine rich protein precursor 1 ; Cysteine rich secreted protein A12 alpha like 2; Cysteine rich secreted protein FIZZ3; FIZZ 3; FIZZ3; Found in inflammatory zone 3; HXCP 1; HXCP1; Resistin delta2; RETN 1; RETN; RETN1; RSTN; XCP 1; XCP1.

研究领域： 心血管 细胞生物 免疫学 信号转导 转录调节因子 激酶和磷酸酶

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Dog,

产品应用： WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量： 12kDa

细胞定位： 分泌型蛋白

性状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度： 1mg/ml

免疫原： KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Resistin:19-108/108

**亚 型：** IgG

**纯化方法：** affinity purified by Protein A

**储 存 液：** 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

**保存条件：** Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

**PubMed：** PubMed

**产品介绍：** This gene belongs to the family defined by the mouse resistin-like genes. The characteristic feature of this family is the C-terminal stretch of 10 cys residues with identical spacing. The mouse homolog of this protein is secreted by adipocytes, and may be the hormone potentially linking obesity to type II diabetes. [provided by RefSeq]

**SWISS:**

Q9HD89

**Gene ID:**

56729

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

抵抗素 Resistin, 是一种肽激素, 富含半胱氨酸的分泌蛋白, 由脂肪细胞分泌的多肽类激素,属于 RELM 家族, 也称之为 ADSF (脂肪组织特异性的分泌因子),抵抗素可能是肥胖和胰岛素抵抗之间的重要链接。近



期研究结果显示,抵抗素 (Resistin)还是一种重要的脂肪组织旁分泌调质, 参与内血管内皮细胞功能稳态的调节, 在二型糖尿病心血管病变发生发展过程中发挥重要病理生理学作用.