

## 沉默调节蛋白5抗体

产品货号: mIR9456 英文名称: SIRT5 中文名称: 沉默调节蛋白5抗体 名: NAD dependent deacetylase sirtuin 5; NAD-dependent deacetylase sirtuin 5; NAD-dependent deacetylase sirtuin-5; Silent mating type information regulation 2 S.cerevisiae homolog 5; Sir2 like 5; Sir2-like 5; SIR2-like protein 5; SIR2L5; Sirt5; SIRT5\_HUMAN; Sirtuin type 5. 研究领域: 肿瘤 心血管 表观遗传学 抗体来源: Rabbit 克隆类型: Polyclonal 交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat,

**产品应用:** WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 Flow-Cyt=1µg/Test IF=1:50-200 (石蜡切片需做抗原修复)

not yet tested in other applications.



optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 30kDa

细胞定位: 细胞浆 细胞膜

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SIRT5:101-200/310

亚 型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed: PubMed



产品介绍: Sirtuins (SIRT1-7) are human homologs of the yeast Sir2 (silent information regulator-2) protein and are divided into four main classes: SIRT1-3 are class I, SIRT4 is class II, SIRT5 is class III and SIRT6-7 are class IV. In S. cerevisiae, Sir2 deacetylates histones in an NAD-dependent manner, which regulates silencing at the telomeric, rDNA (ribosomal RNA) and silent mating-type loci. The human SIRT proteins are NAD-dependent deacetylases that act as intracellular regulators and are thought to have ribosyltransferase activity. SIRT5 (NAD-dependent deacetylase sirtuin-5), also known as SIR2L5, is a 310 amino acid member of the class III sirtuins. Localized to mitochrondria and expressed throughout the body, SIRT5 is an NAD-dependent deacetylase that may link metabolic aging processes in humans. SIRT5 contains one deacetylase-sirtuin-type domain and can be deactivated by suramin, a drug that blocks the binding of various growth factors. Two isoforms of SIRT5 exist due to alternative splicing events.

Subcellular Location:
Mitochondrion matrix. Mitochondrion intermembrane space.
Tissue Specificity:
Widely expressed.
SWISS:
Q9NXA8
Gene ID:
23408

## Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



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