

干扰素相关发育调节蛋白 1 神经生长因子 诱导蛋白 **PC4** 抗体

产品货号： mlR6877

英文名称： IFRD1

中文名称： 干扰素相关发育调节蛋白 1/神经生长因子诱导蛋白 PC4 抗体

别名： IFRD1; IFRD1_HUMAN; interferon related developmental regulator 1; Interferon-related developmental regulator 1; Nerve growth factor inducible protein PC4; Nerve growth factor-inducible protein PC4; PC4; TIS7.

研究领域： 肿瘤 细胞生物 信号转导 细胞凋亡 细胞周期蛋白 表观遗传学

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Sheep, Zebrafish

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分 子 量 : 50kDa

细胞定位 : 细胞核

性 状 : Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度 : 1mg/ml

免 疫 原 : KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human IFRD1:51-150/451

亚 型 : IgG

纯化方法 : affinity purified by Protein A

储 存 液 : 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件 : Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed : PubMed

产品介绍 : Could play a role in regulating gene activity in the proliferative and/or differentiative pathways induced by NGF. May be an autocrine factor that attenuates or amplifies the initial ligand-induced signal.

Function:

Could play a role in regulating gene activity in the proliferative and/or differentiative pathways induced by NGF.
May be an autocrine factor that attenuates or amplifies the initial ligand-induced signal.

Subunit:

Interacts with PSIP1/LEDGF.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in a variety of tissues.

Similarity:

Belongs to the IFRD family.

SWISS:

O00458

Gene ID:

3475

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

