

磷酸化 G 蛋白信号转导调节因子 16 抗体

产品货号: mIR19856

英文名称: phospho-RGS16 (Tyr168)

中文名称: 磷酸化 G 蛋白信号转导调节因子 16 抗体

别名: RGS16 (phospho Y168); p-RGS16 (phospho Y168); A28 RGS14; A28 RGS14P; A28-RGS14P; HGNC:9997; hRGS-r; OTTHUMP00000033147; Regulator of G protein signaling 16; Regulator of G protein signalling 16; Regulator of G-protein signaling 16; Retinal-specific RGS; Retinally abundant regulator of G protein signaling; Retinally abundant regulator of G-protein signaling; RGS 16; RGS R; RGS-R; Rgs14; RGS16; RGS16_HUMAN; RGSR.

产品类型: 磷酸化抗体

研究领域: 细胞生物 信号转导 G蛋白信号

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Horse, Rabbit,

产品应用 : ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 (石蜡切片需

做抗原修复)

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 23kDa

细胞定位: 细胞浆



性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human RGS16 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr168:DS(p-Y)PR

亚 型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the 'regulator of G protein signaling' family. It inhibits signal transduction by increasing the GTPase activity of G protein alpha subunits. It also may play a role in regulating the kinetics of signaling in the phototransduction cascade. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

Inhibits signal transduction by increasing the GTPase activity of G protein alpha subunits thereby driving them into their inactive GDP-bound form. Binds to G(i)-alpha and G(o)-alpha, but not to G(s)-alpha. May play a role in regulating the kinetics of signaling in the phototransduction cascade.

Tissue Specificity:

Abundantly expressed in retina with lower levels of expression in most other tissues.

Post-translational modifications:



Phosphorylation on Tyr-168 upon EGFR stimulation. Enhanced GTPase accelerating (GAP) activity on G(i)-alpha
Similarity:
Contains 1 RGS domain.
SWISS:
O15492
Gene ID:
6004
Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.