

磷酸化谷氨酸受体 2A 抗体

产品货号: mIR3305

英文名称: Phospho-NMDAR2A (Tyr1325)

中文名称: 磷酸化谷氨酸受体 2A 抗体

别 名: NMDAR2A (phospho Y1325); p-NMDAR2A (phospho Y1325); Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon 1; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-1; Glutamate receptor; Glutamate receptor ionotropic N methyl D aspartate 2A; GRIN 2A; GRIN2A; HNR2A; N methyl D aspartate receptor channel, subunit epsilon 1; N Methyl D Aspartate Receptor Subtype 2A; N methyl D aspartate receptor subunit 2A; N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2A; NMDA receptor subtype 2A; NMDA Receptor Type 2A; NMDAR 2A; NMDAR2A; NMDE1_HUMAN; NR 2A; NR2A; OTTHUMP00000160135; OTTHUMP00000174531.

产品类型: 磷酸化抗体

研究领域: 细胞生物 免疫学 神经生物学 细胞膜受体 细胞膜蛋白

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken,

产品应用: ELISA=1:500-1000

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 165kDa

细胞定位: 细胞膜

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid



浓 度: 1mg/ml

免 疫 : 原 KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human NMDAR2A around the

phosphorylation site of Tyr1325:NF(p-Y)GS

亚 型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件 : Store at -20 $\,^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is

stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-

4 ° C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍 : N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate-gated ion channels.

These receptors have been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the

efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor

channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4

NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C) and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D).

Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Aug 2008]

Function:

NMDA receptor subtype of glutamate-gated ion channels possesses high calcium permeability and voltage-

dependent sensitivity to magnesium. Activation requires binding of agonist to both types of subunits (By

similarity).

Subunit:



Forms heteromeric channel of a zeta subunit (GRIN1), a epsilon subunit (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C or GRIN2D) and a third subunit (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). Found in a complex with GRIN1 and GRIN3B. Found in a complex with GRIN1, GRIN3A and PPP2CB. Interacts with PDZ domains of AIP1, INADL and DLG4. Interacts with HIP1 and NETO1 (By similarity). Interacts with LRFN2 (By similarity).

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Similarity:

Belongs to the glutamate-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.10.1) family. NR2A/GRIN2A subfamily.

SWISS:

Q12879

Gene ID:

2903

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.