

环指蛋白 11 抗体

产品货号: mlR9176

英文名称: RNF11

中文名称: 环指蛋白 11 抗体

别 名: CGI 123; RING finger protein 11; RNF11; RNF11_HUMAN; Sid 1669; SID1669.

研究领域: 细胞生物 免疫学 表观遗传学

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,

产品应用: ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 IF=1:50-200 (石蜡切片需做抗原修复) not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 11kDa

细胞定位: 细胞核 细胞浆

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RNF11:65-154/154

亚 型: IgG

mbio 海球发物

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted is stable for the last than a year when kept at -20 °C.

in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍: The protein encoded by this gene contains a RING-H2 finger motif, which is known to be important for protein-protein interactions. The expression of this gene has been shown to be induced by mutant RET proteins (MEN2A/MEN2B). The germline mutations in RET gene are known to be responsible for the development of multiple endocrine neoplasia (MEN). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

Essential component of a ubiquitin-editing protein complex, comprising also TNFAIP3, ITCH and TAX1BP1, that ensures the transient nature of inflammatory signaling pathways. Promotes the association of TNFAIP3 to RIPK1 after TNF stimulation. TNFAIP3 deubiquitinates 'Lys-63' polyubiquitin chains on RIPK1 and catalyzes the formation of 'Lys-48'-polyubiquitin chains. This leads to RIPK1 proteasomal degradation and consequently termination of the TNF- or LPS-mediated activation of NF-kappa-B. Recruits STAMBP to the E3 ubiquitin-ligase SMURF2 for ubiquitination, leading to its degradation by the 26S proteasome.

Subunit:

Interacts (when phosphorylated) with 14-3-3. Interacts with the E3 ubiquitin-ligases NEDD4, ITCH, SMURF2 and WWP1 (By similarity). Also interacts with the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes UBE2D1 and UBE2N, but neither with CDC34, nor with UBE2L3. Interacts with ZNF350, EPS15 and STAMBP. After TNF stimulation, interacts with TAX1BP1, TNFAIP3 and RIPK1; these interaction are transient and they are lost after 1 hour of stimulation with TNF (By similarity). Interacts with GGA1.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Predominantly cytoplasmic, when unphosphorylated, and nuclear, when phosphorylated by



PKB/AKT1.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed at low levels in the lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, spleen, prostate, thymus, ovary, small intestine, colon, and peripheral blood lymphocytes, and, at intermediate levels, in the testis, heart, brain and placenta. Highest expression in the skeletal muscle. In the brain, expressed at different levels in several regions: high levels in the amygdala, moderate in the hippocampus and thalamus, low in the caudate and extremely low levels in the corpus callosum (at protein level). Restricted to neurons, enriched in somatodendritic compartments and excluded from white matter (at protein level). In substantia nigra, present in cell bodies and processes of dopaminergic and nondopaminergic cells (at protein level). In Parkinson disease, sequestered in Lewy bodies and neurites. Overexpressed in breast cancer cells, but not detected in the surrounding stroma and weakly, if at all, in

normal breast epithelial cells (at protein level). Also expressed in several tumor cell lines.

Post-translational modifications:

Ubiquitinated in the presence of ITCH, or SMURF2, and UBE2D1, as well as WWP1.

Phosphorylation by PKB/AKT1 may accelerate degradation by the proteasome.

May be acylated at Cys-4, possibly palmitoylated. Acylation at both Gly-2 and Cys-4 is required for proper

localization to the endosomes.

Similarity:

Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger.

SWISS:

Q9Y3C5

Gene ID:

26994



Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

