

丝氨酸蛋白酶抑制剂 B6 抗体

产品货号: mlR19659

英文名称: SerpinB6

中文名称: 丝氨酸蛋白酶抑制剂 B6 抗体

别 名: CAP; Cytoplasmic antiproteinase; Peptidase inhibitor 6; PI-6; PI6; Placental thrombin inhibitor; Protease inhibitor 6 (placental thrombin inhibitor); PTI; Serpin B6; SERPINB6; SPB6_HUMAN.

研究领域: 细胞生物 免疫学 泛素

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Monkey,

产品应用: WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500

(石蜡切片需做抗原修复)

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 43kDa

细胞定位: 细胞浆

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

mbio 海球发物 Good elisakit producers

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SerpinB6:131-230/376

亚 型: lgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the serpin (serine proteinase inhibitor) superfamily, and ovalbumin(ov)-serpin subfamily. It was originally discovered as a placental thrombin inhibitor. The mouse homolog was found to be expressed in the hair cells of the inner ear. Mutations in this gene are associated with nonsyndromic progressive hearing loss, suggesting that this serpin plays an important role in the inner ear in the protection against leakage of lysosomal content during stress, and that loss of this protection results in cell death and sensorineural hearing loss. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010]

Function:

May be involved in the regulation of serine proteinases present in the brain or extravasated from the blood (By similarity). Inhibitor of cathepsin G, kallikrein-8 and thrombin. May play an important role in the inner ear in the protection against leakage of lysosomal content during stress and loss of this protection results in cell death and sensorineural hearing loss.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm.



Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in keratinocytes (at protein level). Highest levels in skeletal muscle. Also found in placenta, cardiac muscle, lung, liver, kidney and pancreas. Expressed in the inner ear hair cells. Expressed abundantly by normal mast cells in different tissues and by mast cells in mastocytoma lesions.

DISEASE:

Defects in SERPINB6 are the cause of deafness autosomal recessive type 91 (DFNB91) [MIM:613453]. It is a form of non-syndromic deafness characterized by progressive and age-dependent sensorineural hearing loss. Vestibular function is normal.

Similarity:

Belongs to the serpin family. Ov-serpin subfamily.

SWISS:

P35237

Gene ID:

5269

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.