

Hydrolethalus 综合征蛋白 1 抗体

产品货号： mlR18114

英文名称： HYLS1

中文名称： Hydrolethalus 综合征蛋白 1 抗体

别名： HLS; Hydrolethalus syndrome protein 1; HYLS1; HYLS1_HUMAN.

研究领域： 细胞生物 发育生物学 神经生物学

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat, Cow, Rabbit,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量： 34kDa

细胞定位： 细胞浆

性状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度： 1mg/ml

免疫原： KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human HYLS1:51-150/299

亚型： IgG

纯化方法： vaffinity purified by Protein A

储 存 液： 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件： Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed： PubMed

产品介绍： This gene encodes a protein localized to the cytoplasm. Mutations in this gene are associated with hydrolethalus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm.

DISEASE:

Defects in HYLS1 are the cause of hydrolethalus syndrome type 1 (HLS1) [MIM:236680]. HLS1 is a lethal malformation syndrome leading to stillbirth or death shortly after birth. It is characterized by hydrocephaly with absent upper midline structures of the brain, micrognathia and polydactyly.

Similarity:

Belongs to the HYLS1 family.

SWISS:

Q96M11

Gene ID:

219844

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

