

非受体酪氨酸蛋白激酶 2 抗体

产品货号: mlR6662

英文名称: TYK2

中文名称: 非受体酪氨酸蛋白激酶 2 抗体

别名: JTK 1; JTK1; Non receptor tyrosine protein kinase 2; Non receptor tyrosine protein kinase TYK2; Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase TYK2; Protein Tyrosine Kinase 2; TYK 2; TyK2; TYK2_HUMAN; Tyrosine kinase 2.

研究领域: 细胞生物 信号转导 激酶和磷酸酶

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep, Guinea Pig,

产品应用: WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-F=1:400-800 IF=1:100-500 (石蜡切片需做抗原修复) not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.



分子量: 134kDa

细胞定位: 细胞核 细胞浆 细胞外基质

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid

浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TYK2:401-500/1178

亚型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed : PubMed

产品介绍 background:



This gene encodes a member of the tyrosine kinase and, more specifically, the Janus kinases (JAKs) protein families. This protein associates with the cytoplasmic domain of type I and type II cytokine receptors and promulgate cytokine signals by phosphorylating receptor subunits. It is also component of both the type I and type III interferon signaling pathways. As such, it may play a role in anti-viral immunity. A mutation in this gene has been associated with hyperimmunoglobulin E syndrome (HIES) - a primary immunodeficiency characterized by elevated serum immunoglobulin E. [provided by RefSeq].

Function:

Probably involved in intracellular signal transduction by being involved in the initiation of type I IFN signaling. Phosphorylates the interferon-alpha/beta receptor alpha chain.

Subunit:

Interacts with JAKMIP1.

Tissue Specificity:

Observed in all cell lines analyzed. Expressed in a variety of lymphoid and non-lymphoid cell lines.

DISEASE:

Defects in TYK2 are the cause of protein-tyrosine kinase 2 deficiency (TYK2 deficiency) [MIM:611521]; also known as autosomal recessive hyper-IgE syndrome (HIES) with atypical mycobacteriosis. TYK2 deficiency consists of a primary immunodeficiency characterized by recurrent skin abscesses, pneumonia, and highly elevated serum IgE.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. JAK subfamily.

Contains 1 FERM domain.

Contains 2 protein kinase domains.



Contains 1 SH2 domain.

SWISS:

P29597

Gene ID:

7297

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片:

